



A race to remember

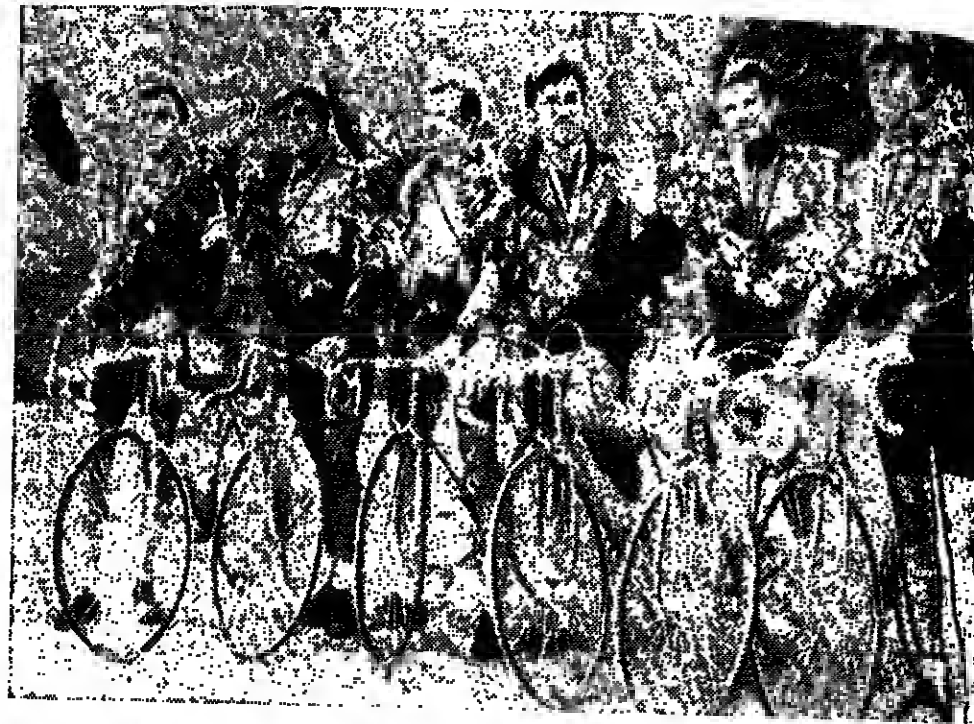
The 38th Peace Race dedicated to the 40th anniversary of Victory over Hitlerite fascism is now history. It was one of the most remarkable pages in the history of this most prestigious many-day amateur cycling event. It was marked by intense competition and an atmosphere of friendship, the debut in the Soviet capital of Moscow, live corridors of hundreds of thousands of people along the route Prague-Moscow-Versaw - Berlin, who went out to meet the Race and expressed their allegiance to the ideals of peace and friendship among peoples in different countries.

The USSR won the team event in a most keen contention. It

featured Olympic champion Mucovila Yuri Kashirin, world champion Alexander Zinoviyev from Kharkov, last year's Race team winner Pyotr Ugrumov from Riga, many-time winner of Peace Race stages Riho Suun from Tartu, budding Vasily Zhdanov from Kharkov and Viktor Klimov from Simferopol. They were better than all the troubles in team competition, the many flat tyres, cyclo troubles and falls along the 1,712-kilometre track.

The GDR came second while Czechoslovakia placed third.

The Soviet racers were very eager to repeat their fast year's success when they won both the



The USSR team-winners of the Peace Race. Left to right: Kashirin, Zhdanov, Suun, Zinoviyev, Ugrumov, and Klimov.

team and individual titles. The latter went to Olympic champion Sergei Sukhoruchenkov from Leningrad. This time they faced stiff competition from extremely strong Polish riders led by young coach and four-time Race

winner Ryszard Szurkowski.

Having taken the lead from the start of the individual time trial in Prague, his charge Lech Piatecki kept it to Berlin, and his teammate Andrzej Mierzejewski ran up to him ahead of

young Uwe Ampler of the GDR. The Race brought together an unprecedented number of world cycling stars and the new individual winners' names indicate that cycling is constantly changing.

CONVINCING REVENGE

The USSR basketball team has won an international tournament at Leon (Spain) after beating European vice-champion Spain 123-107 in the decisive game. According to the "El Pais" newspaper, the Soviet team dominated the game, attacking and pulling up bold defence. Shots from various distances by Se-

bonis, Valters, Kudrinskis and Tarakanov contributed a lot to the Soviet success. Nearly throughout the nationally televised game, the USSR led with nearly a 20 point advantage. Earlier the Spaniards had won the decisive game in a similar encounter at Toledo, but now the USSR took their revenge.



Moscow Full drubbed Samarkand Spartak 7-0 in a recent national top division encounter.

Photo by Sergei Proskov

Real Madrid wins UEFA Cup

The Real Madrid team have won the UEFA Cup, for the first time in its history. Although in the final match they lost 0-1 to the team of Videotex from Hungary, their convincing win 3-0 in the first match allowed them to have this year's cup. Previously Real won the European Champion's Cup on six occasions.

Earlier, the Spaniards had good chances to win the match. As it often happens in football, if you fail to win your rival will. This is exactly what happened to Real Madrid. In the second half of the match, the Hungarians swiftly counter-attacked, and Nejer scored the goal.

Of course we wanted to win, says the Real's coach Melonny. All the players tried their best, but luck turned away that day.

Ten years after

In Volgograd the Russian Federation has won the national chess team championship, their fifth such success after a ten-year interval. The winning team had such

popular Grandmasters as Yevgeny Sveshnikov from Chelyabinsk, Lev Paikhs from Krasnoyarsk, Sergei Dolmatov from the Moscow Region, and Vitaly Teshevsky from Krasnodar. Second-placed Georgia level with Muscovites on points but had more wins. Grandmasters Nana Alexandria and Nana Ioseliani, who polled 12 points from 14 games, contributed weightily to the Georgian success.

The former champions Moscow came third.

IOC soon to meet in session

IOC President Juan Antonio Samaranch and IOC Director Monique Berlioux have received at the IOC headquarters a delegation of the Olympic Committee led by its President, Manfred Bwald.

Their discussions centred on the latest preparations towards the IOC session scheduled for June 3-8 to Berlin. Representatives of 11 cities wanting to stage the 1992 summer and winter games will also come to Berlin to organize exhibitions to the famous Berlin TV tower.

International sambo federation formed

A constituent congress in the Spanish town of Bilbao set up the International Amateur Sambo Federation. Noted sports figure, Ferdinand Compa, who has for many years headed the Sambo Committee in the International Amateur Wrestling Federation (Greco-Roman and free style) was elected its president. Soviet writer, Alexander Krasnov—its vice-president.

Sambo European championships have been held since 1977 and world championships and world cups and continental tournaments since 1973.

The congress considered and approved the competition schedule for the next few years. The world championship will be held this September and the world cup in October. Both tournaments will be held in September. Incidentally, construction is nearly over of a Sambo Palace in Bilbao, where this sport is especially popular.

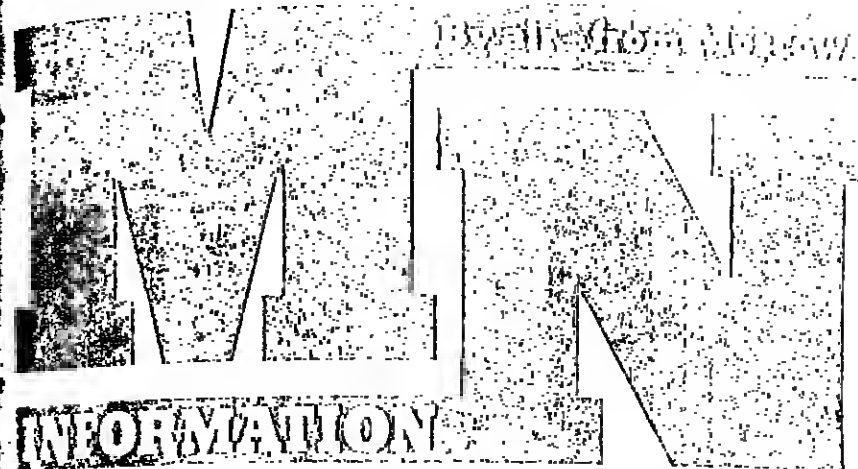
The sambo originator, the USSR, will host the European championship in Leningrad in November 1985.



EDITORIAL BOARD

Address: 16/2 Gorky St. Moscow, USSR.
Printed at the "Izvestia" Press.
Published Tuesdays and Saturdays (Index 58078).

MN INFORMATION No. 31



No. 41 (557), JUNE 1-3, 1985

Price 5 kopeks

'Czechoslovakia-85'

A national Czechoslovak exhibition has opened at the USSR Exhibition of Economic Achievements in Moscow to mark the 40th anniversary of the victory in the national liberation struggle of the Czechoslovak people and the country's liberation from Nazi invaders by the Soviet Army.

The exhibition was inaugurated by Gustav Husak, General Secretary of the Czechoslovak Communist Party's Central Committee and President of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic.

Soviet-Czechoslovak cooperation is at a highly-advanced stage and the Chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers, Nikolai Tikhonov, in an address at the inauguration ceremony, brought examples of this are provided by the construction of the "Soviet" main gas pipeline, the power projects in Jask-Babunice and Dukovany and the construction of the Prague airport. Trade between our two countries is marked by its rapid growth with its 1984 reaching fifty-five



Gustav Husak and Nikolai Tikhonov at the exhibition. Photo by Boris Koulikov

thousand million roubles in the current five-year period. Great opportunities unfold themselves in the organization of joint de-

velopment and design projects. In the introduction of high technologies and the production of the most advanced electroac-

Svyatoslav Roerich receives award

New Delhi. At a ceremony at the USSR Embassy in India, the artist Svyatoslav Roerich was awarded the Order of Friendship Among Nations for his "great contribution to strengthening friendship and cooperation between the Soviet

Union and India". In his address Roerich said that he was happy to receive such a high distinction. I see it, he continued, as an award for the entire Roerich family.

FACTS and EVENTS

Commissions of inquiry into the anti-popular activity of the former regime, overthrow on April 6, this year have started work in Sudan. The main defendant is Nimeiri, former President of the country, who is now in Egypt.

Mexico has declared that it would continue oil supplies in Nicaragua. In the statement it is stressed that Mexico, taking into consideration the serious economic difficulties facing Nicaragua, intends to go on supplying that country with oil on favourable terms.

About 700 American scientists, among them 35 Nobel Prize winners, have announced a new campaign against the plans of waging "star wars", nurtured by the Reagan administration. The group is planning to publish a number of paid supplements in "New York Times" and other leading American newspapers.

FREE ANTONOV

In connection with the Rome trial of a case of "conspiracy to murder Pope John Paul II" the National Committee in the Italian Defence has issued the following statement: "In the light of the trial the international community has realized what a full is made of how unbridled his psychopathic fantasy is and how

uncontrollable he is to his intentions. At the same time, his "admissions" serve as the foundation for the charges against Antonov and his compatriots, and it is these inventions that the Western media have taken up so as to intensify their campaign against socialist countries. The statement demands the Soviet public's demand for Antonov's immediate release.

POLITBUREAU WEEKLY MEETING

The Politbureau of the CPSU Central Committee has examined the idea of further developing and raising the efficiency of agricultural and other branches of the agroindustrial complex in the Non-Black Earth Zone of the Russian Federation between 1986 and 1990.

The meeting approved the decision of the CPSU Central Committee and the USSR Council of Ministers on measures aimed at improving the country's broadcasting facilities in 1985-1986. The decision provides for a comprehensive programme for building and modernizing broadcasting projects and designing and introducing new equipment and instruments.

The Politbureau also deliberated on approved proposals submitted by the USSR Council of Ministers on further development of the Moscow underground railway system.

Also examined were the results of Mikhail Gorbachev's discussions with the Chairman of the Social Democratic Party of Germany and Chairman of the Socialist International, Willy Brandt. The discussions held in the Kremlin showed that the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the Social Democratic Party of Germany share common views on such basic contemporary international issues as the prevention of outer space militarization, the necessity of achieving significant progress in the Geneva

talks between the Soviet Union and the United States, space and nuclear weapons being regarded as mutually interconnected. The two sides also share identical or very similar views on reliable security in Europe, a return to détente, and development of normal good-neighbourly relations among European countries, including the Soviet Union and the Federal Republic of Germany. Two parties follow that consolidating peace requires the avoidance of outside interference in the internal affairs of other countries, and that peoples' freedom and the right in independent development should be protected. The Politbureau noted that in the existing tense international situation, which requires greater and more active interaction among all the forces sincerely interested in preserving and consolidating peace, it is highly important to carry on and extend contacts of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union with the Socialist International and Social Democratic and Socialist parties, such as the Social Democratic Party of Germany, so as to achieve greater mutual understanding and cooperation among nations.

The Soviet Union accounts for forty-five per cent of our entire foreign trade, said Gustav Husak. Mutual deliveries of machines and equipment as well as cooperation in science and technology help raise the technological level of our economy. Soviet deliveries help considerably solve our raw material and fuel problems. We attach great importance to further development of cooperation and to advancing every aspect of it. We see this as a necessary link and a prerequisite for the progress of our socialist society.

The six sections of the exhibition demonstrate the achievements of the Czechoslovak people. Visitors familiarize themselves with such branches of the economy and industry of the republic as the fuel and energy complex, engineering, robotics, electrical engineering, communications equipment, etc.

The arts are represented by the best Czechoslovak musical ensembles and soloists. The Institute of Clothes and Interior Culture will show the visitors modern trends in fashions at a show to be held several times a day.

The Politbureau heard a report on talks between the Soviet leadership and the Italian Prime Minister, Bettino Craxi, who recently visited the USSR. Note was taken of the successful development of bilateral Soviet-Italian relations in the commercial, economic, scientific, technical and cultural spheres, political consultations, exchange of views on topical issues in European and world politics. The

(Continued on page 2)

Ruslan takes off

The AN-124 jumbo cargo plane designed by the O. K. Antonov Design Bureau in Kiev is being demonstrated at the La Bourgeoise saloon in Paris.

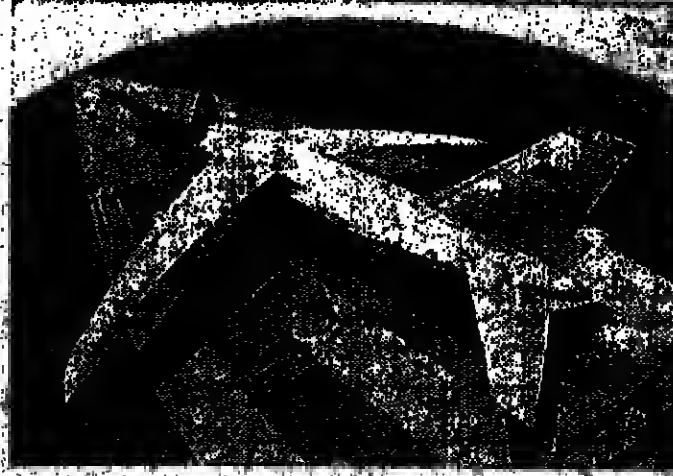
The new plane named Ruslan can carry 150 tonnes of cargo, or twice as much as its predecessor — Anet, the world's first wide-bodied plane which was a sensation at La Bourgeoise twenty years ago.

Ruslan can carry various types of cargo which previously could be conveyed only along waterway or over land, for instance, twenty-tonne marine cargo containers, large building structures, drilling equipment, and even river boats. It takes



off weight is 405 tonnes, and its cross-country many-strut chassis enable it to take off and land on unpaved country airstrips.

It can transport nearly eighty per cent of all the large-size cargoes meant for the north and other rapidly developing areas of the Soviet Union. Ruslan is also designed for telecommunication. Its range, with full load of cargo, is 4,500 kilometres, while at the maximum it covers a distance of 16,000 kilometres.



ATTENTION, SUBSCRIBERS ABROAD

DEAR READERS,

"MN Information" comes out on Tuesdays and Saturdays and offers to bring the latest information on events in the USSR and in the world reported by TASS and foreign news agencies. Nothing short of the material carried in the editions of both "Moscow News" and "MN Information" gives you a full idea of life in the Soviet Union for the week.

Subscription to "Moscow News" and "MN Information" can be taken out with the following firms.

LEBANON
● Melkon d'Edmon Dar al Parabi
P.O. 3181, Beyrouth, Liban

MALTA
● "Progressive Books"
8/12 Vincenz St.
Valletta

MAROC
● Société Chrétienne de Distribution
et de Presse (Socpresse)
Angle rue de Dinant al
Sala-Sala,
B.P. 583, Casablanca

NEPAL
● Bala Ko Pasi
Bank Rd. Birnagar,
P.O. No. 1 Birnagar
● International Book Centre
11/20, Kamalashi
P.O. Box 32,
Kathmandu

NEW ZEALAND
● New Zealand Tribune
P.O. Box 1937
Auckland

NORWAY
● A/S Havnens
Kontorforretning,
P.O. Box 1125 Etterstad
Oslo 6, Norway
● Forlaget Ny Dag A/S
Postboks
5312 Majorstua,
Oslo 3

USA
● Imported Publications, Inc.
320 West Ohio St.
Chicago, Illinois 60610

EBSCO Industries, Inc., 1st Ave North
at 15th Street, Birmingham, Alabama 35203
● Victor Kamkin, Inc.
12324 Parklawn Drive
Rockville, Maryland 20852

Remitters
For all questions involving receipt of the paper, delivery of the paper to a new address, etc., please contact the firm from whom you obtained the subscription.

DEAR READERS! In other countries subscription for "MN Information" can be taken out with companies which do business with V/O Mezhdunarodnaya Kniga. The "Moscow News" weekly is available in Russian as well. Contact the firm or agency handling subscription for Soviet periodicals to subscribe.

Handwritten note: 1985/06/03 15:16

TABLE 1